

[Insurance Consumer Rights in the State of New Hampshire \(2022\)](#)

Insurance policies are contracts and legal rules come into play when you file an insurance claim. You are “the insured” and your insurance company is “the insurer.” Understanding how your insurer should handle your claim and what your rights are will help you navigate the process, be your own best advocate and collect all available policy benefits to cover your losses.

After disasters, it’s common for an insurer to rotate adjusters, which means you will have to work with multiple adjusters before your claim is resolved. Knowing your legal rights will make it easier for you deal with rotating adjusters and keep your claim on track toward a fair and full claim settlement without unreasonable delays.

Your insurance company and its employees are required to be fair and reasonable and follow state laws and regulations. They must do a timely, thorough and unbiased investigation and assessment of your loss(es) and claim. They must work with you to adjust your claim and pay what they owe in a timely and fair manner and in full compliance with the policy contract and applicable laws.

Insurance company claim adjusters are supposed to be trained on your state’s laws and claim handling regulations, but it’s often up to you to make sure they’re valuing your losses fairly, offering all benefits you’re entitled to, and following the regulations and laws in your state.

Use the guidance and sample letters you’ll find on United Policyholders’ website (uphelp.org) to “speak UP” and collect all benefits you’re entitled to under the policy you paid for.

The information included here will give you a basic understanding of how the claim process should go and the legal rights that give you leverage to get a fair outcome. Here are the four places where your rights as an insurance consumer are spelled out:

- New Hampshire Statutes [XXXVII: INSURANCE](#)

The information presented in this publication is for general informational purposes and is not a substitute for legal advice. If you have a specific legal issue or problem, United Policyholders recommends that you consult with an attorney. Guidance on hiring professional help can be found in the “Find Help” section of www.uphelp.org. United Policyholders does not sell insurance or certify, endorse or warrant any of the insurance products, vendors, or professionals identified on our website.

Source: <https://uphelp.org/claim-guidance-publications/insurance-consumer-rights-in-the-state-of-new-hampshire-2022/> Date:

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[Unfair Insurance Trade Practices — N.H RSA § 417](#)

- New Hampshire Code Administrative Rules Annotated:

[Insurance Chapter](#)

[Insurance Chapter 1000 — CLAIM SETTLEMENT](#)

- Notices and bulletins issued by the [New Hampshire Insurance Department](#).

Claim Communications

UP strongly recommends keeping a daily claim journal. As often as possible, jot down the date, time, and details of conversations, issues, problems and agreements with the adjuster assigned to your claim and other professionals such as contractors, government agencies, etc.

Also, we strongly recommend communicating in writing with insurance company representatives so there is a clear paper trail of how your claim is being handled. These days many communications will be via email, so make sure to save those emails where you can find them. After in-person or phone conversations with insurance company representative you should send short follow-up emails or letters summarizing what was said or agreed to. Document that you're cooperating fully with the insurer. This will prevent them from blaming you for delays and confirm that you're holding up your end of the bargain.

Check out our "Speak UP" tips on being politely assertive, organized and avoiding delays and misunderstandings. (<https://www.uphelp.org/pubs/speak-how-communicate-your-insurance-company>).

Time Frames and Deadlines

Below are timeframes and deadlines to be aware of. After a disaster, deadlines can become unrealistic due to shortages of available inspection, clean up and construction professionals. Speak UP! Document the contractors or service providers you called, who you spoke with, and what they told you in your claim journal. Sometimes following a natural disaster more work exists than skilled labor can support and it is important to document that you kept trying to find someone to help protect your property following a loss.

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Processing your claim

10 Working Days - Your insurer must acknowledge your claim within 10 working days after receiving it. [N.H. Code Admin. R. Ann. Ins. 1001.01\(a\)](#).

Communicating information to you

10 Working Days - Your insurer must appropriately reply to all pertinent communications from you or your authorized representative. [N.H. Code Admin. R. Ann. Ins. 1001.01\(b\)](#)

Investigating your claim

10 Working Days - Your insurer, has 10 working days to furnish a response to your inquiry. Every insurer, upon receipt of an inquiry from the insurance department, shall within 10 working days furnish the department with a complete and accurate written response to the inquiry. [N.H. Code Admin. R. Ann. Ins. 1001.01\(c\)](#)

Paying or denying your claim

10 Working Days - within 10 working days after acknowledgment of the receipt of a notice of a claim from the insured, claimant, or authorized representative of either, the insurer shall advise the insured, claimant, or authorized representative of either in writing of the acceptance or rejection of the claim. [N.H. Code Admin. R. Ann. Ins. 1001.02\(c\)](#)

More time - If the insurer needs more time to determine whether the claim should be accepted or rejected, the insurer shall so notify the insured, claimant, or authorized representative of either within 10 working days after acknowledgement of the loss and provide the reasons for the delay. [N.H. Code Admin. R. Ann. Ins. 1001.02\(c\)](#). The insurer shall within 30 days from the date of the letter setting forth a need for further time and every 30 days thereafter, send to the insured, claimant, or authorized representative of either a letter setting forth the reasons for the delay in the claim settlement, unless the insured, claimant, or authorized representative otherwise agrees. [N.H. Code Admin. R. Ann. Ins. 1001.02\(d\)](#)

Preserving your right to sue if necessary

There is typically a deadline in your insurance policy for filing a lawsuit related to a claim. Check your

policy for a “suit against us” provision, or similarly worded provision, to find that deadline. It’s typically 12 months from the date of loss or the date your insurer closes your claim. However, the laws in your state that apply to lawsuit deadlines may extend the period stated in your policy, so it’s best to check with an experienced New Hampshire state attorney to avoid losing your legal rights and the leverage those rights give you to get a fair payout on a claim.

New Hampshire Unfair Trade Practices Law allows you to sue your insurance company but only after the New Hampshire Insurance Commissioner has found that the insurance company engaged in a practice that violated New Hampshire Unfair Insurance Trade Practices Law. [N.H. RSA § 417:19](#).

Unfair Claim Practices

Your insurer is prohibited from using unfair claim practices and/or treating you badly during the claim process. These practices are set out in New Hampshire Statutes and in the New Hampshire Administrative Rules . The following are a few examples listed in [Section 417](#) of New Hampshire Statutes. Specific **Unfair insurance trade practices defined:**

The following are hereby defined as unfair methods of competition and unfair and deceptive acts and practices in the business of insurance:

1. Misrepresenting, directly or indirectly, in the offer or sale of any insurance or in connection with any inducement or attempted inducement of any insured or person with ownership rights under an issued insurance policy to lapse, forfeit, surrender, assign, effect a loan against, retain, exchange, or convert the policy, by:
 1. (a) Making, issuing, circulating, or causing to be made, issued or circulated any estimate, illustration, circular, or statement misrepresenting the terms of any policy issued or to be issued or the benefits or advantages therein or the dividends or share of surplus to be received thereon;
 2. (b) Making any incomplete comparison of insurance policies;
 3. (c) Making any false or misleading representation as to the dividends or share of surplus previously paid on similar policies;
 4. (d) Making any false or misleading representation as to the financial condition of any insurer,

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- or as to the legal reserve system upon which any life insurer operates;
5. (e) Using any name or title of any policy or class of policies misrepresenting the true nature thereof;
 6. (f) Employing any device, scheme, or artifice to defraud;
 7. (g) Obtaining money or property by means of any untrue statement of a material fact or any omission to state a material fact necessary in order to make the statement made, in light of the circumstances under which it was made, not misleading; the burden of establishing truthfulness or completeness shall be upon the party stating or omitting to state a material fact; or
 8. (h) Engaging in any other transaction, practice, or course of business which operates as a fraud or deceit upon the purchaser, insured, or person with policy ownership rights.
2. Misrepresentation in Insurance Applications or Transactions. Making false or fraudulent statements or representations on or relative to an application for insurance, for the purpose of obtaining a fee, commission, money or benefit from an insurer, agent, or individual.
- False Information and Advertising Generally.
 1. (a) Making, publishing, disseminating, circulating, or placing before the public, or causing, directly or indirectly, to be made, published, disseminated, circulated, or placed before the public, in a newspaper, magazine, or other publication, or in the form of a notice, circular, pamphlet, letter, or poster, or over any radio or television station, or in any other way, an advertisement, announcement, or statement containing any assertion, representation, or statement with respect to any insurer, its financial condition, or the terms of any contracts issued or to be issued or the benefits or advantages promised thereby, or the dividends or share of the surplus to be received thereon or with respect to any person in the conduct of such person's insurance business, which is untrue, incomplete, deceptive, or misleading.
 2. (b) The burden of establishing truth and completeness shall be on the person making, publishing, circulating or placing said advertisement, announcement, or statement before the public.

State Insurance Agency

The New Hampshire Insurance Department oversees how insurance companies operate in the state. They can impose penalties on your insurance company if they did not comply with the laws in your state that

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require insurers to handle claims fairly and in good faith.

Visit uphelp.org and Insurance Resources for New Hampshire <https://uphelp.org/recovery/state-by-state-help/new-hampshire/> for resources and tips on the process and strategy of filing a formal complaint.

You can call the Office of the Insurance Commissioner consumer hotline with any questions or complaints at (800) 852-3416 or (603) 271-2261, email insurance questions to requests@ins.nh.gov, file a complaint online, by going to <https://www.nh.gov/insurance/complaints/index.htm> select “Online Consumer Complaint Form” for an online form. A printable form is also available.

Their mailing address is:

New Hampshire Insurance Department

21 South Fruit Street, Suite 14

Concord, NH 03301

Special rules that may be in place after a disaster

Check the New Hampshire State Office of the Insurance Commissioner’s website regularly to find all rules, regulations or other updates they may have put out that are specific to the disaster. <https://www.nh.gov/insurance/>

After past disasters, special rules have been put into place such as:

- Requirements that insurers advance funds for temporary expenses instead of requiring you to incur and submit receipts.
- Requirements that insurers extend deadlines for submitting proofs of loss and other documents.
- Agreements with insurers that they will accept less detailed contents inventories.

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Hiring Professional Help

When you paid your premium, you paid for coverage *and* good claim service. In theory, you should not have to hire outside help to get what you already paid for. However, in reality, you may need to. You have the right to hire an attorney or public adjuster to help navigate your claim. However, we urge caution before agreeing to pay a portion of your insurance benefits to any professional, and before hiring anyone to speak for you or negotiate on your behalf with your insurance company. Only hire someone who has strong references and who is likely to add value to your claim and recover more funds more quickly than you'd be able to recover on your own.

Attorneys – If you hire an attorney to resolve an insurance claim dispute, try to hire them on a contingency (not hourly) fee basis and agree to advance litigation costs. Claim disputes are time-consuming, so it gets expensive fast when you pay by the hour. Ideally, arrange for one or two qualified attorneys to do an initial evaluation of your situation free of charge. Only hire one that has represented insurance consumers in claim disputes and is a member in good standing of the New Hampshire Bar. Visit our New Hampshire Professional Help Directory at: <https://uphelp.org/sponsor-location/new-hampshire/>. We strongly recommend reading our publication titled “Questions and Answers for Hiring an Attorney for an Insurance Claim” <https://www.uphelp.org/pubs/hiring-attorney-insurance-claim> before making this important decision.

Public Adjusters – A qualified public adjuster can value your losses, handle the day-to-day aspects of your claim and negotiate a settlement on your behalf. Generally speaking, if you hire a public adjuster, you agree to pay them a percentage of the insurance benefits they recover on your behalf – not an hourly fee. New Hampshire public adjusters can also be found by visiting: <https://uphelp.org/sponsor-location/new-hampshire/>. We strongly recommend reading our publication titled “Questions to Ask Before Hiring a Public Adjuster” before making this important decision. <https://www.uphelp.org/pubs/questions-ask-hiring-public-adjuster>

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Using the Legal System to get a Fair Settlement

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If you haven't been able to get a fair insurance claim settlement on your own or with help from a professional and/or your state's insurance oversight agency, filing a lawsuit is your next option. If your lawsuit is successful, you can recover what the insurer owed and (ideally) also get compensation for the expenses you incurred chasing the policy benefits you were entitled to in the first place. Your success in using the legal system to get a fair settlement will depend on the quality of the lawyer(s) you hire, the laws in your state and the facts in your case.

It's common to worry that a lawsuit will be too time consuming or expensive (or both), but if you get the right lawyer and your case is strong, suing an insurer is often the best and only way to recover what you're owed. Finding a qualified lawyer is essential. Insurance matters require specialized expertise and you need a strong advocate who speaks the language and has previous experience litigating against an insurance company.

Start in our "[Find Help](#)" section and click on your state to find professionals who specialize in representing policyholders and support United Policyholders. You'll find many lawyers on the Internet that advertise as insurance specialists, and many of their websites have a chat window that pops up as soon as you visit their site. Speak directly to the lawyer who'd be handling your case and interview them about their insurance and litigation experience. Get and check client references. A lawsuit is a major undertaking but is often the best way to get full compensation, so be an astute consumer and choose your attorney carefully.

The cost of hiring an attorney varies from firm to firm. The two main options are attorneys who charge by the hour and those who work on contingency. For most policyholders, hiring an attorney on a "contingency" fee basis is the only feasible way of doing battle with a well-funded insurance company. Hourly fees for lawyers vary according to firm size, experience of the attorney, and geographic location. While attorneys who work on contingency usually set their fee at 33% of the amount they recover on your behalf, that may increase to 40% if your case goes to trial. Most cases settle before trial. In some states you may not have the option of hiring an attorney on a contingency fee basis.

Using the legal system gives you leverage to get a better settlement and a lawsuit is a valuable tool. For more guidance on what to consider before suing your insurance company, read [Hiring an Attorney for an Insurance Claim](#) on uphelp.org

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Best Practices

Visit and use UP's [Disaster Recovery Help Library](#) to get information, about the recovery process, after a disaster occurs. Additionally, for best practices, follow these steps:

Inventory and document your losses. Take pictures of identifiable items before they're removed for disposal or repairs before your lot gets cleared. Create detailed lists of damaged property. If your home was seriously damaged or completely destroyed, get at least one, ideally two, independent repair/replacement cost estimates.

Cooperate with your insurer as best you can and keep a good paper trail. If you are not able to stay in your home, make sure the company has an address and phone number where it can reach you.

Be present for inspections. It's a good idea to be home when the adjuster and or others inspect your property. Feel free to ask your contractor to be there with you to explain his/her opinions and estimates to the insurance company's representatives.

Make only urgent/temporary repairs before filing a claim. Your insurance company may deny your claim if you make permanent repairs before it inspects. If you're not sure if your company considers a repair to be permanent, ask your company (in writing) before starting any repair work. The cost of these repairs and for storing personal belongings is likely covered by your policy.

Keep receipts. Your insurer will usually require you to provide receipts before they'll reimburse you for expenses due to losing the use of all or part of your property. This is also true for collecting full replacement costs above depreciated/actual cash values. On our website you'll find a free expense spreadsheet to help you keep track.

Speak UP. Be politely assertive, communicate clearly, and set realistic goals during the claim process.